The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bangkok Branch

Annual financial statements and Audit report of Certified Public Accountant

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009



KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd.

Empire Tower, 50th-51st Floors 195 South Sathorn Road Bangkok 10120, Thailand

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Audit report of Certified Public Accountant

To the Board of Directors of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

I have audited the accompanying balance sheet of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch ("the Branch") as at 31 December 2010 and the related statements of income, changes in equity of head office and other Branches abroad and cash flows for the year then ended. The Branch is a segment of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited and is not a separately incorporated legal entity. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared from the records of the Branch and reflect only transactions recorded locally. The Branch's management is responsible for the correctness and completeness of information presented in these financial statements. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. The financial statements of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch for the year ended 31 December 2009 were audited by another auditor whose report dated 18 February 2009 expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets used in, and liabilities arising out of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch's operations in Thailand as at 31 December 2010, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Waijawat 6.

(Waiyawat Kosamarnchaiyakij) Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 6333

KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd. Bangkok 14 February 2011

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch Balance sheets

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009

Assets	Note	2010	2009
		(in Ba	ht)
Cash		96,095,628	127 180 400
	5	90,093,028	137,189,490
Interbank and money market items Domestic items	3		
		102 (02 405 270	74 524 022 602
Interest bearing		102,692,405,279	74,524,932,603
Non-interest bearing		821,846,513	543,288,126
Foreign items			
Non-interest bearing		35,368,930	46,585,702
Total interbank and money market items		103,549,620,722	75,114,806,431
Investments	6		
Current investments, net		18,436,356,414	14,135,567,346
Long-term investments, net		4,630,694,004	12,144,055,869
Total investments, net		23,067,050,418	26,279,623,215
Loans and accrued interest receivable	7		
Loans		46,155,150,070	45,643,279,257
Accrued interest receivable		171,231,223	177,857,510
Total loans and accrued interest receivable		46,326,381,293	45,821,136,767
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	8	(1,585,718,119)	(1,811,238,987)
Total loans and accrued interest receivable, net		44,740,663,174	44,009,897,780
Customer liabilities under acceptances		28,062,576	27,310,000
Customer liabilities under collateral		8,017,523,057	4,544,350,096
Derivative assets		31,953,596,501	26,318,697,431
Equipment, net	9	68,537,618	72,870,029
Leasehold right for land and building, net	10	524,370,328	559,565,655
Deferred tax assets	11	140,191,955	124,249,091
Other assets	12	2,354,460,043	1,527,904,132
Total assets		214,540,172,020	178,716,463,350

Neeranuch Upaphattavanij

Chief Financial Officer

Thailand

Pornthip Junpiti

Vice President Regulatory Reporting

Thailand

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Matthew Lobner

Chief Executive Officer

Thailand

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch

Balance sheets

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009

Liabilities and equity of head office and			
other branches abroad	Note	2010	2009
		(in B	aht)
Deposits	13		
Deposits in Baht		55,444,024,722	62,912,988,830
Deposits in foreign currencies		14,677,347,370	10,988,806,746
Total deposits		70,121,372,092	73,901,795,576
Interbank and money market items	14		
Domestic items			
Interest bearing		31,185,991,717	19,989,638,378
Non-interest bearing		104,036,250	47,704,766
Foreign items			
Interest bearing		1,856,624,516	1,046,131,650
Non-interest bearing		5,146,455,237	3,323,271,480
Total interbank and money market items		38,293,107,720	24,406,746,274
Borrowings	15	28,206,066,755	21,631,962,976
Liabilities payable on demand		2,445,819,203	1,469,303,512
Bank liabilities under acceptances		28,062,576	27,310,000
Bank liabilities under collateral		8,017,523,057	4,544,350,096
Derivative liabilities		33,287,741,071	25,224,633,789
Employee benefit obligations	16	128,711,160	-
Other liabilities	17	3,408,911,861	2,114,338,373
Total liabilities		183,937,315,495	153,320,440,596
Equity of head office and other branches abroad			
Funds remitted into Thailand and reserved for			
maintaining assets under Section 32 of the Financial			
Institutions Business Act, B.E. 2551	18	10,348,604,820	10,348,604,820
Retained earnings		2,113,357,688	1,264,492,256
Unrealised losses on revaluation of securities, net	6	(67,604,854)	(46,818,530)
Other reserves		57,632,619	49,530,945
Balance of inter-office accounts with head office			
and other branches abroad	22	18,150,866,252	13,780,213,263
Total equity of head office and other branches abroad		30,602,856,525	25,396,022,754
Total liabilities and equity of head office and other			
branches abroad		214,540,172,020	178,716,463,350
Off balance sheet items - Contingencies and commitments	19, 22		
Avals to bills and guarantees of loans		273,580,324	532,555,539
Liabilities under unmatured import bills		1,701,605,362	919,835,024
Letters of credit		1,977,203,358	1,353,280,048
Other contingencies and commitments		2,807,434,866,692	2,047,337,470,264

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch Statements of income

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

	Note	2010	2009
		(in Bah	nt)
Interest income	22		
Loans		2,487,075,667	2,919,313,276
Interbank and money market items		1,463,300,807	985,781,811
Investments		533,596,074	536,614,067
Total interest income		4,483,972,548	4,441,709,154
Interest expenses	22		
Deposits	22	283,446,420	407,291,986
Interbank and money market items		706,701,949	540,640,708
Borrowings		325,519,400	374,999,386
Total interest expenses	•	1,315,667,769	1,322,932,080
Net interest income		3,168,304,779	3,118,777,074
Bad debt and doubtful accounts		46,255,656	1,098,540,790
Net interest income after bad debt and doubtful accounts		3,122,049,123	2,020,236,284
Non-interest income	22		
Gains (losses) on investments		146,514,967	(97,681,375)
Fees and services income			
Acceptances, avals and guarantees		110,049,957	109,026,301
Others		1,352,156,059	1,274,280,253
Gains on exchange		1,913,621,174	2,091,381,204
Other income		19,666,682	4,489,621
Total non-interest income		3,542,008,839	3,381,496,004
Non-interest expenses	22		
Personnel expenses	16	1,465,023,839	1,269,624,574
Premises and equipment expenses		444,691,399	405,196,693
Taxes and duties		117,179,547	130,516,265
Fees and services expenses		353,478,369	346,085,484
Other expenses	20	1,583,934,660	1,490,647,965
Total non-interest expenses		3,964,307,814	3,642,070,981
Income before income tax		2,699,750,148	1,759,661,307
Income tax expense	21	850,884,716	600,169,051
пеоте шк охрение	21	0.00,004,710	000,107,031
Net income	:	1,848,865,432	1,159,492,256

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch

Statements of changes in equity of head office and other branches abroad For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

						inter-office	
		Funds remitted		Rese	erves	accounts with	
		into Thailand		Net unrealised		head office	
		and reserved		losses		and other	
		for maintaining	Retained	on revaluation		branches	
	Note	assets	earnings	of securities	Other reserves	abroad	Total
				(in E	Baht)		
Balance at 1 January 2009		10,348,604,820	3,243,229,981	154,069,014	62,974,703	946,592,920	14,755,471,438
Unrealised losses on revaluation of securities		-	-	(200,887,544)	-	-	(200,887,544)
Other reserves		<u> </u>	-		(13,443,758)		(13,443,758)
Net income recognised directly in equity		-	-	(200,887,544)	(13,443,758)	-	(214,331,302)
Net income for the year		<u> </u>	1,159,492,256				1,159,492,256
Total recognised income		-	1,159,492,256	(200,887,544)	(13,443,758)	-	945,160,954
Profit remittance to head office Movement on balance of inter-office accounts		-	(3,138,229,981)	-	-	-	(3,138,229,981)
with head office and other branches abroad, net		_	_	_	_	12,833,620,343	12,833,620,343
Balance at 31 December 2009		10,348,604,820	1,264,492,256	(46,818,530)	49,530,945	13,780,213,263	25,396,022,754
Unrealised losses on revaluation of securities			-,	(20,786,324)	-		(20,786,324)
Defined benefit plans actuarial losses	16	-	-	-	(5,775,096)	-	(5,775,096)
Other reserves		-	-	-	13,876,770	-	13,876,770
Net income recognised directly in equity		-		(20,786,324)	8,101,674		(12,684,650)
Net income for the year		-	1,848,865,432	-	-	-	1,848,865,432
Total recognised income			1,848,865,432	(20,786,324)	8,101,674		1,836,180,782
Profit remittance to head office		-	(1,000,000,000)	-	-	-	(1,000,000,000)
Movement on balance of inter-office accounts							
with head office and other branches abroad, net		-	-	-	-	4,370,652,989	4,370,652,989
Balance at 31 December 2010		10,348,604,820	2,113,357,688	(67,604,854)	57,632,619	18,150,866,252	30,602,856,525

Balance of

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch Statements of cash flows

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
	(in Ba	ht)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Income before income tax	2,699,750,148	1,759,661,307
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax to net cash from		
operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Depreciation and amortisation	74,287,347	93,144,663
Bad debt and doubtful accounts	46,255,656	1,098,540,790
(Reversal) of provisions	(13,557,240)	13,698,640
Unrealised (gains) losses on revaluation of trading securities	(40,986,189)	123,350,914
(Gains) losses on disposal of premises and equipment	(498,546)	13,286,095
Unrealised losses on exchange	17,877,116	44,113,548
Unrealised losses on derivative assets and liabilities	2,429,660,791	3,691,474,568
Increase in other reserves	16,566,054	4,567,186
	5,229,355,137	6,841,837,711
Net interest income	(3,168,304,779)	(3,118,777,074)
Proceed from interest income	4,453,616,399	4,616,231,466
Interest paid	(1,302,439,771)	(1,449,120,202)
Income tax paid	(791,939,380)	(883,777,060)
Net cash from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities	4,420,287,606	6,006,394,841
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		
Interbank and money market items (assets)	(28,371,191,559)	(30,677,915,817)
Trading securities	4,096,216,907	(2,586,939,124)
Loans	(1,255,989,357)	7,346,585,197
Other assets	(856,784,756)	(729,931,107)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Deposits	(3,341,636,932)	10,974,264,374
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)	13,905,889,742	3,858,994,882
Borrowings	6,574,103,779	3,350,844,229
Liabilities payable on demand	976,515,691	53,187,058
Employee benefit obligations	128,711,160	-
Other liabilities	1,220,819,713	(1,240,189,970)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,503,058,006)	(3,644,705,437)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Increase in securities available-for-sale	(874,427,782)	(6,001,362,342)
Purchases of equipment	(34,836,820)	(22,684,199)
Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment	575,757	55,701
Net cash used in investing activities	(908,688,845)	(6,023,990,840)

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch

Statements of cash flows

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009	
	(in Baht)		
Cash flows from financing activities			
Profit remitted to head office during year	(1,000,000,000)	(3,138,229,981)	
Increase in net balance of inter-office accounts with			
head office and other branches abroad	4,370,652,989	12,833,620,343	
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,370,652,989	9,695,390,362	
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(41,093,862)	26,694,085	
Cash at 1 January	137,189,490	110,495,405	
Cash at 31 December	96,095,628	137,189,490	

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For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 14 February 2011.

1 General information

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch, "the Branch", has its registered office at 968 Rama IV Road, Silom, Bangrak, Bangkok 10500.

The Head Office of the Branch is The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which is incorporated in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region with limited liability.

The principal activities of the Branch are to provide a wide range of banking services to individual and corporate customers.

2 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements issued for Thai reporting purposes are prepared in the Thai language. This English translation of the financial statements has been prepared for the convenience of readers not conversant with the Thai language.

The financial statements are prepared and presented in Thai Baht. All financial information presented in Thai Baht has been rounded in the notes to the financial statements to the nearest million, unless otherwise stated. They are prepared on the historical cost basis except as stated in the accounting policies.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") including Thai Accounting Standards ("TAS") and guidelines promulgated by the Federation of Accounting Professions ("FAP"), applicable rules and the Bank of Thailand ("BoT") and with generally accepted accounting principles in Thailand.

During 2010, the FAP announced the re-numbering of the following TFRS.

Former no.	Revised no.	Topic
TAS 11	TAS 101	Doubtful Account and Bad Debts
TAS 27	TAS 103	Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Banks and Similar Financial Institution
TAS 34	TAS 104	Accounting for Troubled Debt Restructuring
TAS 40	TAS 105	Accounting for Investment in Debt and Equity Securities
TAS 48	TAS 107	Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation

The Branch has adopted the revised Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements (revised 2009), which was issued by the FAP during 2010 and effective on 26 May 2010. The adoption of the revised framework does not have any material impact on the Branch's financial statements.

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

On 15 December 2010, the FAP issued the new TFRS, TAS 19 *Employee Benefits*, relevant to the Branch's operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011. As permitted by TAS 19, the Branch early adopted the TAS resulting in a change in the accounting policy for employee benefits in the Branch financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010. The Branch charged the cumulative past service costs in the statement of income for the year then ended. The effects of the change are disclosed in note 3.

The FAP has issued during 2010 a number of new and revised TFRS which are not currently effective and have not been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements except for TAS 19. These new and revised TFRS are disclosed in note 27.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate are revised in any future period affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the notes:

Note 6	Investments
Note 8	Allowance for doubtful accounts
Note 11	Deferred tax
Note 16	Employee benefit obligations
Note 19	Contingencies and commitments
Note 26	Fair value

3 Change in accounting policy

As permitted by TAS 19 *Employee Benefits*, the Branch has early adopted the TAS resulting in a change in the accounting policy for employee benefits in the Branch financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Under the new policy, the Branch's obligation in respect of employee long-term benefits is recognised in the financial statements based on calculations performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. Details of the new accounting policy adopted by the Branch are included in note 4 (n) below. Previously, the Branch's obligation in respect of employee long-term benefits was recognised as and when payments were made. The Branch has opted to record the entire amount of this liability as an expense in 2010 in accordance with the transitional provisions of TAS 19. The financial impact of the change on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 is summarised as follows:

	(in million Baht)
Balance sheet	
Increase in employee benefit obligations	128
Decrease in other reserves	128
Statement of income	
v	120
Increase in personnel expenses	120
Decrease in profit for the year	120

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch

Notes to the financial statements

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

4 Significant accounting policies

(a) Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense for all interest-bearing financial instruments, except those classified as held for trading or designated at fair value, are recognized in Interest income and Interest expense in the income statement using the effective interest rates of the financial assets or financial liabilities to which they relate.

The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Branch estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but not future credit losses. The calculation includes all amounts paid or received by the Branch that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

(b) Cash

Cash consists of cash on hand and cash on collection.

(c) Loans

Loans represent loans originated by the Branch, which are not intended to be sold in the short term and have not been classified as held for trading. Loans are recognized when cash is advanced to borrowers. They are initially recorded at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses.

(d) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The Branch provides an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the estimated losses that may be incurred in the collection of all receivables. The estimated losses are calculated by discounting expected future cash flows (inclusive of the value of security) using a discount rate, which includes a premium for uncertainty of the cash flows.

Bad debt recoveries are presented net of bad debts and doubtful accounts in the statement of income.

(e) Restructured loans

Restructured loans are classified as performing when there is appropriate evidence that the restructured terms can be met. At a minimum, restructured terms involving periodic repayments must be met without exception for a three-payment period before a restructured loan can be reclassified.

(f) Investments

Investments in securities are classified as either securities held for trading, available-for-sale securities or held to maturity securities.

Debt securities and marketable equity securities held for trading are classified as current assets and are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognized in the statement of income.

Debt securities that the Branch has a positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are stated at amortised cost less

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch

Notes to the financial statements

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

impairment losses. The difference between the acquisition cost and redemption value of such debt securities is amortised using the effective interest rate method over the period to maturity.

Debt securities and marketable equity securities other than those securities held for trading or intended to be held to maturity, are classified as being available-for-sale and are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss being recognized directly in a separate component of Head Office's equity. The exceptions are impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, which are recognized in the statement of income. When these investments are derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized directly in a separate component of Head Office's equity is recognized in the statement of income. Where these investments are interest-bearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the statement of income.

Equity securities which are not marketable are stated at cost less impairment losses.

The fair value of financial instruments classified as held-for-trading and available-for-sale is determined as the quoted bid price at the reporting date.

Disposal of investments

On disposal of an investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount together with the associated cumulative gain or loss that was reported in a separate component of Head Office's equity is recognized in the statement of income.

If the Branch disposes of part of its holding of a particular investment, the deemed cost of the part sold is determined using the weighted average method applied to the carrying value of the total holding of the investment.

(g) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Thai Baht at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated to Thai Baht at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the statement of income.

(h) Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost less applicable depreciation and impairment losses. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3-7 years.

Gain or loss on disposal of equipment is recognized in the statement of income.

(i) Leasehold right for land and buildings

Leasehold right for land and buildings and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less amortization and impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the statement of income on a straight-line basis as follows:

Leasehold right
Leasehold improvement

Over the lease period of 28 years Between 5 and 8 years

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

(j) Properties foreclosed

Properties acquired through foreclosure are recorded at the lower of the net book value of the loan at the time of foreclosure or the latest market value of the properties foreclosed. Gain or loss on disposal of properties foreclosed is recognized on such properties only when sold. Loss on impairment of properties foreclosed is recognized in the statement of income.

(k) Financial instruments

Derivatives are recognized initially at fair value from the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

The method of recognizing the resulting fair value gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Branch designated certain derivatives as either: (i) hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedge) or (ii) hedges of highly probable future cash flows attributable to a recognized asset or liability, or a forecast transaction (cash flow hedge). Hedge accounting is applied for derivatives designated as fair value or cash flow hedges, provided certain criteria are met.

Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used shall be amortised to the income statement over the period to maturity.

Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recognized in a component of Head Office's equity. Any gain or loss relating to an ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in Head Office's equity are recycled through the income statement in the periods in which the hedged item will affect profit or loss.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in Head Office's equity at that time remains in Head Office's equity until the forecast transaction is ultimately recognized in the income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in Head Office's equity is immediately transferred to the income statement.

(l) Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in a separate component of Head Office's equity.

Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

(m) Equity compensation plan

Where shares of HSBC Holdings Plc are awarded to an employee of the Branch, the cost of shares awarded is amortised over the vesting period from the date the shares are awarded. Shares purchased for such purpose are reported under 'other assets'.

For share options, the compensation expense to be spread over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options on grant date, and the impact of any non-market vesting conditions such as option lapses. The compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Where the Branch is not charged for this by Head Office, the corresponding amount is credited to 'other reserves'.

(n) Employee benefits

The Branch operates post-retirement benefit plans, including defined contribution plan and defined benefit plans.

Defined contribution plan

For the defined contribution plan, the Branch pays contributions to provident funds on a voluntary basis, and such amounts are charged to personnel expenses. The Branch has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

The Branch has established contributory provident funds for their employees. Memberships of the funds are on a voluntary basis. Contributions are made monthly by the employees at rates ranging from 3% to 10% of their basic salaries and by the Branch at 10% of the employees' basic salaries. The provident funds are registered with the Ministry of Finance as juristic entities and are managed by licensed Fund Managers, therefore, they are not included in the balance sheet.

Defined benefit plans

For unfunded defined benefit plans, the liability recognised at the balance sheet date is the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using an interest rate equal to the yield on high quality government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have a term to maturity approximating to the term of the related pension liability.

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

Actuarial gains and losses that arise are recognised and presented in equity of head office and other branches abroad in the period they arise. Past service costs are recognised immediately to the extent that benefits are vested and are otherwise recognised over the average period until benefits are vested on a straight line basis. Current service costs and any past service costs, together with the unwinding of the discount on plan liabilities, are charged to personnel expenses.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

(o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

(p) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Branch has a legal, enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the transactions are intended to be settled on a net basis.

5 Interbank and money market items (assets)

Interbank and money market items at 31 December 2010 and 2009 consisted of:

		2010			2009	
	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
			(in milli	on Baht)		
Domestic						
The Bank of Thailand and						
Financial Institutions						
Development Fund	433	102,600	103,033	290	71,000	71,290
Commercial banks	389	-	389	253	3,500	3,753
Add: accrued interest receivable	-	92	92	-	25	25
	822	102,692	103,514	543	74,525	75,068
Foreign						
Euro	10	-	10	16	-	16
Other currencies	26	-	26	31	-	31
	36	-	36	47	-	47
Total	858	102,692	103,550	590	74,525	75,115

At 31 December 2010 and 2009, all term interbank and money market items of Baht 102,600 million and Baht 74,500 million, respectively had residual maturities within 1 year.

6 Investments

Investments at 31 December 2010 and 2009 consisted of:

	20	10	2009	
	Cost/book	Market	Cost/book	Market
	value	value	value	value
		(in millio	on Baht)	
Current investments				
Securities held for trading				
Government and state enterprise securities	2,543	2,585	6,639	6,641
Add: unrealised gains on revaluation of securities	42	-	2	-
Total securities held for trading	2,585	2,585	6,641	6,641
Securities available-for-sale				
Government and state enterprise securities	15,650	15,633	7,265	7,277
Marketable securities - equity shares	200	218	200	218
	15,850	15,851	7,465	7,495
Add: unrealised gains on revaluation of securities	1	-	30	-
Total securities available-for-sale	15,851	15,851	7,495	7,495
Total current investments	18,436	18,436	14,136	14,136
Long-term investments				
Securities available-for-sale				
Government and state enterprise securities	4,608	4,631	12,119	12,144
<i>Add</i> : unrealised gains on revaluation of securities	23		25	<u>-</u>
Total long-term investments	4,631	4,631	12,144	12,144
Total	23,067	23,067	26,280	26,280

At 31 December 2010 and 2009 debt instruments classified by their remaining maturity were as follows:

	2010						
	Maturity Period						
	Within						
	1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total			
		(in mill	ion Baht)				
Securities available-for-sale							
Government and state enterprise securities	15,650	4,608	=	20,258			
Add: unrealised (losses) gains on revaluation							
of securities	(17)	23		6			
Total	15,633	4,631		20,264			
		20	009				
		Moturis	y Period				
		Maturi	y i ciiou				
	Within	Maturi	y i criod				
	Within 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total			
		1-5 years		Total			
Securities available-for-sale		1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total			
Securities available-for-sale Government and state enterprise securities		1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total 19,384			
· ·	1 year	1-5 years (in mill	Over 5 years				
Government and state enterprise securities	1 year	1-5 years (in mill	Over 5 years				
Government and state enterprise securities <i>Add</i> : unrealised gains on revaluation	1 year 7,265	1-5 years (in mill 12,119	Over 5 years	19,384			

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

As at 31 December 2010, investments classified as available-for-sale with market value of Baht 10,855 million (2009: Baht 10,891 million) and Baht 3,013 million (2009: Baht 1,006 million) were maintained as capital fund with the Bank of Thailand and under sale and repurchased agreement, respectively.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 the statement of income included gains of Baht 4.01 million (2009: loss of Baht 1.35 million) on sales of available-for-sale securities.

Unrealised gains (losses) on revaluation of securities presented in equity of head office and other branches abroad as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

	2010	2009
	(in millio	n Baht)
Unrealised gains on revaluation of securities debt instruments	8	37
Unrealised losses on revaluation of securities debt instruments	(87)	(85)
Unrealised gains on revaluation of equity shares	18	18
	(61)	(30)
Less: deferred tax	(7)	(17)
Net	(68)	(47)

7 Loans and accrued interest receivable

Loans at 31 December 2010 and 2009 were classified as follows:

Classified by type of credit

	2010 (in million			
Overdrafts	287	340		
Loans	41,398	35,901		
Bills	4,470	4,045		
Private repo	-	5,357		
	46,155	45,643		
Add: accrued interest receivable	171	178		
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,586)	(1,811)		
Total	44,740	44,010		
Classified by residual maturity of contracts				
	2010	2009		
	(in millio	on Baht)		
Within 1 year	38,642	37,058		
Over 1 year	7,513	8,585		
Total	46,155	45,643		

Classified l	hv	currency	and	recidency	αf	dehtore
Classifica	υy	Currency	and	1 CSIGCIIC y	OI	ucotors

	Domestic	2010 Foreign	Total (in mill	Domestic ion Baht)	2009 Foreign	Total
Baht	34,731	7	34,738	37,328	1	37,329
US Dollar	10,806	430	11,236	7,906	101	8,007
Other currencies	80	101	181	292	15	307
Total	45,617	538	46,155	45,526	117	45,643

Classified by type of business and loan classification

	2010								
		Special Doubtful							
	Pass	mention	Substandard	Doubtful	of loss	Total			
			(in millio	n Baht)					
Agriculture and minerals	720	-	-	-	-	720			
Industrial and commercial	18,104	1,494	-	432	722	20,752			
Property and construction	1,834	-	-	-	-	1,834			
Infrastructure and service	9,629	143	-	-	-	9,772			
Home mortgages	1,172	9	2	13	5	1,201			
Other	11,344	317	164	3	48	11,876			
Total	42,803	1,963	166	448	775	46,155			

			200)9		
		Special	Doubtful			
	Pass	mention	Substandard	Doubtful	of loss	Total
			(in millio	n Baht)		
Agriculture and minerals	714	-	-	-	-	714
Industrial and commercial	13,015	1,993	41	102	859	16,010
Property and construction	1,929	-	-	-	8	1,937
Infrastructure and service	14,154	63	-	-	-	14,217
Home mortgages	867	3	-	11	11	892
Other	11,101	432	339	-	1	11,873
Total	41,780	2,491	380	113	879	45,643

Loans classified by grade

		20	010	
	Loans and		(%)	
	accrued	Amount	Provision	Provision
	interest	after net	rate as	as per
	receivable	securities	per BoT	BoT
		(in mill	ion Baht)	
Pass	42,968	39,961	1	398
Special mention	1,969	1,237	2	24
Substandard	166	165	100	165
Doubtful	448	253	100	253
Doubtful of loss	775	350	100	350
Total	46,326	41,966		1,190
Allowance established in excess				
of BoT minimum requirements				396
Total				1,586

	2009					
	Loans and	(%)				
	accrued	Amount	Provision	Provision		
	interest	after net	rate as	as per		
	receivable	securities	per BoT	BoT		
		(in mill	ion Baht)			
Pass	41,949	33,280	1	332		
Special mention	2,500	2,272	2	45		
Substandard	380	378	100	378		
Doubtful	113	95	100	95		
Doubtful of loss	879	487	100	487		
Total	45,821	36,512		1,337		
Allowance established in excess						
of BoT minimum requirements				474		
Total				1,811		

At 31 December 2010, specific provisions of Baht 1,090 million (2009: Baht 1,147 million) have been provided against the Branch's non-performing loans, being those classified as Substandard, Doubtful and Doubtful of loss.

8 Allowance for doubtful accounts

Movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 consisted of:

2009 Consisted of.			20	10		
		Special			Doubtful	
	Pass	mention	Substandard	Doubtful	of loss	Total
			(in millio	on Baht)		
Balance at beginning						
of the year	614	50	380	110	657	1,811
Doubtful accounts charge	(219)	(3)	193	263	(188)	46
Bad debts recoveries	-	-	-	-	584	584
Bad debts written off	-	-	-	-	(842)	(842)
Movement in exchange rate	-	-	-	(2)	(11)	(13)
Movement to other grades	62	(8)	(408)	(3)	357	-
Balance at end of the year	457	39	165	368	557	1,586
			200)9		
		Special	200)9	Doubtful	
	Pass	Special mention	200 Substandard		Doubtful of loss	Total
	Pass	•		Doubtful		Total
Balance at beginning	Pass	•	Substandard	Doubtful		Total
Balance at beginning of the year	Pass 489	•	Substandard	Doubtful		Total 1,636
		mention	Substandard (in millio	Doubtful on Baht)	of loss	
of the year	489	mention 342	Substandard (in millio	Doubtful on Baht)	of loss	1,636
of the year Doubtful accounts charge	489	mention 342	Substandard (in millio	Doubtful on Baht)	of loss 391 348	1,636 1,099
of the year Doubtful accounts charge Bad debts recoveries	489	mention 342	Substandard (in millio	Doubtful on Baht)	of loss 391 348 427	1,636 1,099 427
of the year Doubtful accounts charge Bad debts recoveries Bad debts written off	489	mention 342	Substandard (in millio	Doubtful on Baht) 4 105 -	391 348 427 (1,329)	1,636 1,099 427 (1,329)
of the year Doubtful accounts charge Bad debts recoveries Bad debts written off Movement in exchange rate	489 229 - - -	342 (254)	Substandard (in million 410 671	Doubtful on Baht) 4 105 (4)	391 348 427 (1,329) (18)	1,636 1,099 427 (1,329)

9 Equipment

Changes in equipment during the year ended 31 December 2010 were as follows:

		Change in cost during the year			Change in depreciation during the year				Book value
	Beginning			Ending	Beginning			Ending	31 December
	balance	Additions	Disposals	balance	balance	Depreciation	Disposals	balance	2010
					(in million Bah	t)			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	604	35	(27)	612	531	39	(27)	543	69
Total	604	35	(27)	612	531	39	(27)	543	69

Changes in equipment during the year ended 31 December 2009 were as follows:

	Change in cost during the year				Change in depreciation during the year				Book value
	Beginning			Ending	Beginning			Ending	31 December
	balance	Additions	Disposals	balance	balance	Depreciation	Disposals	balance	2009
					(in million Baha	t)			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	601	23	(20)	604	502	47	(18)	531	73
Total	601	23	(20)	604	502	47	(18)	531	73

10 Leasehold right for land and buildings

	2010	2009
	(in million	n Baht)
Leasehold right	909	909
Leasehold improvements	317	317
	1,226	1,226
Less: accumulated amortization	(702)	(666)
Net	524	560

11 Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are included in the balance sheets as follows:

	2010	2009
	(in million	n Baht)
Deferred tax assets	288	255
Deferred tax liabilities	(148)	(131)
Net	140	124

Movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Charged/(credited) to				
	At 1	At 31			
	January	of income	Head	December	
	2010	(note 21)	Office	2010	
		(in millie	on Baht)		
Deferred tax liabilities					
Investments	35	13	(25)	23	
Deferred expenses	45	(2)	-	43	
Borrowings and financial instruments	51	31	-	82	
Total	131	42	(25)	148	
Defended tax assets					
Deferred tax assets	10		(15)	2	
Investments	18	-	(15)	3	
Allowance for doubtful accounts and	120	(6)		104	
provision for contingent liabilities	130	(6)	-	124	
Other items	107_	52	2	161	
Total	255	46	(13)	288	
Net	124	4	12	140	
Net	124	4	12	14	

	Charged/(credited) to				
	At 1	Statement	Equity of	At 31	
	January	of income	Head	December	
	2009	(note 21)	Office	2009	
		(in milli	on Baht)		
Deferred tax liabilities					
Investments	109	(38)	(36)	35	
Deferred expenses	86	(41)	-	45	
Borrowings and financial instruments	56	(5)	-	51	
Total	251	(84)	(36)	131	
Deferred tax assets					
Investments	6	(1)	13	18	
Allowance for doubtful accounts and		、 /			
provision for contingent liabilities	150	(20)	-	130	
Other items	91	20	(4)	107	
Total	247	(1)	9	255	
Net	(4)	83	45	124	

12 Other assets

At 31 December 2010 and 2009, other assets consisted of:

	2010	2009
	(in million	n Baht)
Accrued income receivable	129	137
Other receivables	1,966	1,049
Other	259	342
Total	2,354	1,528

13 Deposits

Deposits at 31 December 2010 and 2009 were classified as follows:

Classified by type of deposits

	2010	2009
	(in million Baht)	
Current	4,890	5,851
Saving	51,450	48,517
Term (original maturity)		
- Less than 6 months	11,625	17,513
- More than 6 months but less than 1 year	2,043	1,728
- 1 year and over	113	293
Total	70,121	73,902

Classified by residual maturity of contracts

	2010	2009
	(in million	n Baht)
Within 1 year	70,076	73,829
Over 1 year	45	73
Total	70,121	73,902

Classified by currency and residency of depositors

	Domestic	2010 Foreign	Total (in mill	Domestic ion Baht)	2009 Foreign	Total
Baht	52,974	2,470	55,444	60,687	2,226	62,913
US Dollar	8,638	1,727	10,365	6,924	2,040	8,964
Other currencies	3,252	1,060	4,312	898	1,127	2,025
Total	64,864	5,257	70,121	68,509	5,393	73,902

14 Interbank and money market items (liabilities)

Interbank and money market items at 31 December 2010 and 2009 consisted of:

	At call	2010 Term	Total (in millio	At call on Baht)	2009 Term	Total
Domestic						
Commercial banks	2	13,900	13,902	2	6,100	6,102
Finance, securities and						
credit foncier companies	504	2,500	3,004	642	500	1,142
Other financial institutions	422	13,962	14,384	239	12,554	12,793
	928	30,362	31,290	883	19,154	20,037
Foreign						
US Dollar	800	-	800	220	-	220
Other currencies	6,203	-	6,203	4,150	-	4,150
	7,003	-	7,003	4,370	-	4,370
Total	7,931	30,362	38,293	5,253	19,154	24,407

15 Borrowings

	Domestic	2010 Foreign	Total (in mill	Domestic ion Baht)	2009 Foreign	Total
Floating rate notes	644	-	644	3,145	-	3,145
Bills of exchange Total	27,562 28,206		27,562 28,206	18,487 21,632		18,487 21,632

At 31 December 2010, borrowings of Baht 26,645 million and Baht 1,561 million had residual maturities within 1 year and over 1 year, respectively. All borrowings were in Thai Baht with interest rates between 0.5% and 2.0%.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Bangkok Branch

Notes to the financial statements

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

At 31 December 2009, borrowings of Baht 19,398 million and Baht 2,234 million had residual maturities within 1 year and over 1 year, respectively. All borrowings were in Thai Baht with interest rates between 0.5% and 1.435%.

16 Employee benefit obligations

	2010 (in million Baht)
Balance sheet obligations for: Defined benefit obligations	128
Statement of income charge: Defined benefit obligations	120

The Branch operates following unfunded defined benefit plans for eligible employees in Thailand in accordance with the requirements of the Thai Labour Protection Act B.E 2541 (1998) to provide retirement benefits to employees based on pensionable remuneration and length of service.

Legal severance payment plan

Under this plan, employees are entitled to legal severance payment benefits ranging from 30 days to 300 days of final salary upon retirement or involuntary separation before retirement.

Gratuity plan

Under this plan, employees are entitled to one month final salary for every five years of completed service upon retirement.

Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations:

	(in million Baht)
Defined benefit obligations at 1 January	-
Past service costs	102
Current service costs	13
Interest on obligation	5
Actuarial losses	8
Defined benefit obligations at 31 December	128

The interest on obligation and current and past service costs are recognised in the following line item in the statement of income:

2010 (in million Baht)

2010

Non-interest expenses

- Personnel expenses <u>120</u>

Principal actuarial assumptions at 31 December 2010:

Discount rate 3.8 Future average salary increases 1% -10%

Assumptions regarding future mortality are based on published statistics and mortality tables.

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

17 Other liabilities

At 31 December 2010 and 2009, other liabilities consisted of:

	2010	2009
	(in millio	n Baht)
Accrued interest payable	98	85
Accrued expenses payable	849	519
Accrued corporate income tax	534	470
Others	1,928	1,040
Total	3,409	2,114

18 Capital fund

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the capital structure according to Section 32 of the Financial Institutions Business Act, B.E 2551 can be summarized as follow:

	2010	2009		
	(in million Baht)			
Assets maintained under Section 32	10,855	10,891		
Sum of net capital for maintenance of assets under Section 32 and				
net balance of inter-office accounts				
Capital for maintenance of assets under Section 32	10,349	10,349		
Net balance of inter-office accounts which the branch is the debtor				
(the creditor) to the head office and other branches located in other				
countries, the parent company and subsidiaries of the head office	18,508	13,869		
Total	28,857	24,218		
Total Capital Fund	10,349	10,349		
Capital adequacy ratio	11.95%	13.44%		

Disclosure of capital maintenance information under the Notification of the Bank of Thailand Re: Public Disclosure of Capital Maintenance for Commercial Banks for the period ended 31 December 2010 will be located in our website: www.hsbc.co.th within four months of the period end.

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

19 Contingencies and commitments

At 31 December 2010 and 2009, contingencies and commitments were as follows:

		2010			2009			
		(in million Baht)						
	Local	Foreign	Total	Local	Foreign	Total		
	currency	currency	amount	currency	currency	amount		
Guarantees of loans	1	273	274	1	532	533		
Other guarantees	11,241	9,529	20,770	9,999	8,275	18,274		
Liabilities under unmatured								
import bills	16	1,686	1,702	48	872	920		
Letters of credit	97	1,880	1,977	4	1,349	1,353		
Forward interest rate contracts	1,817,219	181,366	1,998,585	1,299,887	165,354	1,465,241		
Forward exchange rate contracts	560	681,164	681,724	-	457,477	457,477		
Derivative- bond, debenture and								
equity instruments	14,330	2,137	16,467	890	1,326	2,216		
Unused credit lines of overdrafts	,							
and credit facilities	77,151	12,737	89,888	84,885	19,244	104,129		
Total	1,920,615	890,772	2,811,387	1,395,714	654,429	2,050,143		

The Branch is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet credit risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and financial guarantees.

The Branch's exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party to such financial instruments is represented by the contract or notional amount of those instruments. However, some commitments to extend credit can be cancelled or revoked at any time at the Branch's discretion. Furthermore, the notional amounts do not necessarily reflect future cash requirements as facilities may expire without being drawn upon.

The Branch uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

The Branch takes collateral where it is considered necessary to support both on and off-balance sheet financial instruments with credit risk. The Branch evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case by case basis. The amount of collateral taken, if deemed necessary, is based on management's evaluation of the counterparty. The collateral taken varies but may include cash deposits, real estate, plant and equipment, investments, inventory and receivables.

As at 31 December 2010, the Branch has received a claim in respect of Default on Sale and Purchase Agreement, Bills Torts, Return of Property, and Guarantee totaling Baht 463 million against the Branch. Litigation is currently waiting for the order of the Appeal Court and no provision has been made in the financial statements as the Branch's management does not currently expect that the Branch will incur significant loss from this lawsuit.

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

20 Other expenses

Other expenses for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 consisted of:

	2010	2009	
	(in millio	n Baht)	
Deposit protection premium	255	224	
Head office expenses	410	367	
Advertising and promotion	372	337	
Others	547	563	
Total	1,584	1,491	

21 Income tax expense

	2010	2009	
	(in million Baht)		
Current tax expense			
Current year	855	664	
Under provided in prior year	-	19	
	855	683	
Deferred tax expense			
Movements in temporary differences	(4)	(83)	
	(4)	(83)	
Total	851	600	

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

		2010	2009		
	(%)		(%)		
	Rate	(in million Baht)	Rate	(in million Baht)	
		• =00		4 = 40	
Income before income tax		2,700		1,760	
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	30.0	810	30.0	528	
Under provided in prior year		-		19	
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes		41		53	
Total	31.5	851	34.1	600	

22 Related party transactions and balances

The Branch engaged in various transactions with other HSBC Group entities on normal commercial terms and conditions. Related party balances receivable or payable are shown on a net basis under the heading of "balance of inter-office accounts with head office and other branches abroad".

Transactions between related parties during the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 are summarized below.

	2010	2009	
	(in millio	on Baht)	
Revenues			
Fee and commission income	44	30	
Other income	3	-	

	2010	2009	
	(in millio	ion Baht)	
Expenses			
Interest expense on inter-office borrowing	47	5	
Fee and commission expense	47	126	
Head office expenses	683	582	
Other expenses	26	29	

The Branch enters into certain treasury transactions, including swap, foreign exchange, and option contracts, with other HSBC Group entities for hedging purposes.

23 Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential for loss arising from failure of counterparties to meet their contractual obligations to the Branch in a timely manner.

Credit risk arises from lending activities, investing activities and from buying or selling financial instruments to hedge the risks of the Branch and its customers. The Branch manages credit risk by setting prudential limits for exposures to individual transactions, counterparties and portfolios. Credit limits are set by reference to credit ratings established by recognized rating agencies or by methodologies established by the Branch.

24 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk in the balance sheet arises from the potential for a change in interest rates to have an adverse effect on the net interest earnings of the Branch in the current reporting period and future years. Interest rate risk arises from the structure and characteristic of the Branch's assets, liabilities and equity of head office and other branches abroad, and from the mismatch in repricing dates of its assets and liabilities. The Branch mitigates this risk by using derivative financial instruments, principally interest rate swaps, to manage its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates on specific financial instruments.

Details of the Branch's interest rate risk based on the period to the earlier of the contractual repricing date or maturity at 31 December 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

				2010			
							(%)
							Weighted
							average
							effective
		3 months			Non-		interest
	Less than	to	1 to 5	Over	interest		rate
	3 months	1 year	years	5 years	bearing	Total	(per annum)
				(in million Ba	ht)		
Financial assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	96	96	-
Interbank and money market items	102,600	-	-	-	950	103,550	1.57
Securities held for trading	59	333	878	1,315	-	2,585	1.91
Securities available-for-sale	6,089	9,544	4,631	-	218	20,482	1.82
Loans and accrued interest							
receivable, net	40,062	2,931	1,207	245	295	44,740	5.91
Total financial assets	148,810	12,808	6,716	1,560	1,559	171,453	

				2010			(%)
		3 months			Non-		Weighted average effective interest
	Less than	to	1 to 5	Over	interest		rate
	3 months	1 year	years	5 years (in million Ba	bearing	Total	(per annum)
Financial liabilities				(in million ba	rii)		
Deposits	62,088	3,098	45	_	4,890	70,121	0.38
Interbank and money market items	28,355	2,358	2,249	80	5,251	38,293	2.18
Borrowings	24,588	2,701	917	_	-	28,206	1.29
Liabilities payable on demand	-	_	-	_	2,446	2,446	-
Total financial liabilities	115,031	8,157	3,211	80	12,587	139,066	
On-balance sheet items	33,779	4,651	3,505	1,480	(11,028)	32,387	
				2000			
				2009			(0/)
							(%) Weighted
							Average
							Effective
		3 months			Non-		Interest
	Less than	to	1 to 5	Over	interest		Rate
	3 months	1 year	years	5 years	bearing	Total	(per annum)
		•	-	(in million Ba	ht)		
Financial assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	137	137	-
Interbank and money market items	74,500	-	-	-	615	75,115	1.58
Securities held for trading	267	4,629	531	1,214	-	6,641	2.76
Securities available-for-sale	848	6,429	12,144	-	218	19,639	2.32
Loans and accrued interest							
receivable, net	38,095	4,473	948	258	236	44,010	6.61
Total financial assets	113,710	15,531	13,623	1,472	1,206	145,542	
Financial liabilities							
Deposits	65,030	2,948	73	_	5,851	73,902	0.63
Interbank and money market items	16,212	2,420	2,331	73	3,371	24,407	2.25
Borrowings	19,049	2,291	292	-	-	21,632	1.74
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	-	1,469	1,469	-
Total financial liabilities	100,291	7,659	2,696	73	10,691	121,410	
On-balance sheet items	13,419	7,872	10,927	1,399	(9,485)	24,132	

25 Liquidity risk

The Branch monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Branch's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

Liquidity risk arises from mismatches in the timing of cash flows. Funding risk (a form of liquidity risk) arises when the liquidity needed to fund illiquid asset positions cannot be obtained at the expected terms and when required.

The objective of the Branch's liquidity and funding management framework is to ensure that all foreseeable funding commitments can be met when due. Therefore, the Branch is required to maintain strong liquidity positions and to manage the liquidity profiles of assets, liabilities and commitments with the objective of ensuring that cash flows are balanced appropriately and that all anticipated obligations can be met when due.

The Branch manages its liquidity position under the Bank of Thailand's liquidity reserve regulations and other applicable regulations. The Treasury Department is accountable for managing the Branch's liquidity position by providing short-term and long-term funding sources as well as investing in highly liquid assets in both domestic and foreign currencies. The Branch also ensures that its liquidity position is suitable and sufficient for the current and foreseeable market conditions. The Assets and Liabilities Management Committee supervises management of liquidity risk.

A maturity analysis of financial assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2010 and 2009 was as follows:

	2010							
			6 months					
	A . 11	Less than	to	1 to 5	Over	No	m . 1	
	At call	6 months	1 year	years	5 years	maturity	Total	
T				(in million Ba	ht)			
Financial assets						0.6	0.6	
Cash	- 050	102 602	-	-	-	96	96	
Interbank and money market items	858	102,692	220	-	1 215	-	103,550	
Securities held for trading	-	172	220	878	1,315	-	2,585	
Securities available-for-sale	-	8,783	6,850	4,631	-	218	20,482	
Loans and accrued interest		25.752	1 654	5 225	1.000		44.740	
receivable, net		35,752	1,654	5,335	1,999		44,740	
Total financial assets	858	147,399	8,724	10,844	3,314	314	171,453	
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	56,340	12,846	890	45	-	-	70,121	
Interbank and money market items	7,931	16,755	625	2,576	10,406	-	38,293	
Borrowings	_	25,088	1,557	1,561	_	-	28,206	
Liabilities payable on demand	2,446	-	-	-	-	-	2,446	
Total financial liabilities	66,717	54,689	3,072	4,182	10,406	-	139,066	
Liquidity - net	(65,859)	92,710	5,652	6,662	(7,092)	314	32,387	
				2009				
			6 months					
		Less than	to	1 to 5	Over	No		
	At call	6 months	1 year	years	5 years	maturity	Total	
				(in million Ba	ht)	•		
Financial assets								
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	137	137	
Interbank and money market items	590	74,525	-	-	-	-	75,115	
Securities held for trading	-	4,391	505	531	1,214	-	6,641	
Securities available-for-sale	-	1,267	6,010	12,144	-	218	19,639	
Loans and accrued interest								
receivable, net		34,772	659	6,695	1,884		44,010	
Total financial assets	590	114,955	7,174	19,370	3,098	355	145,542	

				2009				
		6 months						
		Less than	to	1 to 5	Over	No		
	At call	6 months	1 year	years	5 years	maturity	Total	
			(in million Ba	ht)			
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	54,368	18,726	735	73	-	-	73,902	
Interbank and money market items	5,253	6,804	99	2,670	9,581	-	24,407	
Borrowings	-	18,026	1,372	2,234	-	-	21,632	
Liabilities payable on demand	1,469						1,469	
Total financial liabilities	61,090	43,556	2,206	4,977	9,581		121,410	
Liquidity - net	(60,500)	71,399	4,968	14,393	(6,483)	355	24,132	

26 Fair value

The fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. Quoted market prices are used as the measure of fair value where available. Where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on present value estimates or other methods of valuation.

On-balance sheet financial instruments

Fair value information relating to classes of financial assets or financial liabilities that are carried on the balance sheet at other than net fair value is best provided in a way that permits comparison between the carrying amount and the fair value. Accordingly, the fair values of recognized financial assets and financial liabilities are grouped into classes and offset only to the extent that their related carrying amounts are offset.

Off-balance sheet financial instruments

Fair values of unrecognized financial assets and financial liabilities are presented in a class or classes separate from recognized items and are offset only to the extent that they meet the offsetting criteria for recognized financial assets and financial liabilities.

The net fair value of off-balance sheet financial instruments is normally determined by estimating the amount that would be paid or received to terminate the contract or replace them at their current market rates, net of estimated transaction costs.

Estimate market value of financial assets and liabilities

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the financial assets, financial liabilities and off-balance sheet items have fair values that approximate their carrying values at the reporting date.

For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

27 Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) not yet adopted

The Branch has not adopted the following new and revised TFRS that have been issued as of the reporting date but are not yet effective. The new and revised TFRS are anticipated to become effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January in the year indicated in the following table.

TFRS	Topic	Year effective
TAS 1 (revised 2009)	Presentation of Financial Statements	2011
TAS 7 (revised 2009)	Statement of Cash Flows	2011
TAS 8 (revised 2009)	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	2011
TAS 10 (revised 2009)	Events after the Reporting Period	2011
TAS 17 (revised 2009)	Leases	2011
TAS 18 (revised 2009)	Revenue	2011
TAS 21 (revised 2009)	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	2013
TAS 23 (revised 2009)	Borrowing Costs	2011
TAS 24 (revised 2009)	Related Party Disclosures	2011
TAS 36 (revised 2009)	Impairment of Assets	2011
TAS 37 (revised 2009)	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	2011
TAS 38 (revised 2009)	Intangible Assets	2011
TAS 40 (revised 2009)	Investment Property	2011
TFRS 2	Share-based Payment	2011

Management expects to adopt and apply these new TFRS in accordance with the FAP's announcement and is presently considering the potential initial impact on the Branch's financial statements.

28 Reclassification of accounts

Certain accounts in the 2009 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the 2010 financial statements.